



## MARCH 2026

### Ensuring Ethical & Compliant Study Start-Up & Initiation

#### Scenario: Urgent Initiation of Study

1. Dr Ace, a new PI conducting his first clinical research, has identified a potential subject who meets current eligibility criteria but will exceed the age limit in one month. Eager not to lose this subject, he asked CRC Mr Perfect to fast-track study initiation.



2. This concerned Mr Perfect, who recalled a past study that fell into serious non-compliance. To ensure a smooth start while avoiding common pitfalls, the following guidance was shared with Dr Ace.



#### Key Requirements

##### Ethics Approval First Before Study Initiation and Pre-Screening

Common mistake: Rushing to pre-screen and enroll before all approvals are in place

- Ensure **agreements with service providers/sponsors/CROs** are signed and finalized
- Never approach potential subjects until IRB and/or regulatory approvals are received
- After approval, **document** every potential subject pre-screened
- Ensure that screening is performed only **after informed consent has been obtained** from subjects

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##### Obtaining IRB and/or Regulatory Approval Does Not Mean You're Ready

Common mistake: Assuming obtaining approvals means you're ready to start recruitment

- Verify all study staff are **qualified**, completed **minimum training** requirements and are properly **trained**
- Ensure **investigational products** are **ready-for-use** and properly **stored** (if applicable)
- Confirm laboratory certifications and reference ranges are current (if applicable)
- Validate all electronic systems before first subject is enrolled (if applicable)
- **Pro tip:** Create a site readiness checklist

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##### Informed Consent Process Cannot Be Rushed

Potential Major Compliance Risk: Pressuring and rushing consent due to eligibility window

- Allow adequate time for subjects to consider participation
- Explain that participation is voluntary with no impact on their care
- **Document the consent process** thoroughly in source records
- **Ethical reminder:** Coercion invalidates consent, regardless of study type

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##### The Delegation Log Protects Everyone

Frequent Deviation: incomplete documentation

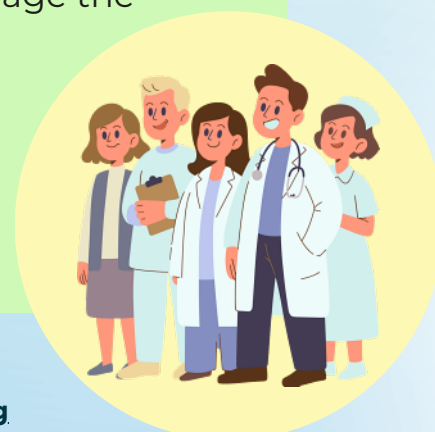
- **Every person involved in any research activity** (e.g. collecting data or interacting with subjects) must be **delegated** by the PI
- Include specific research tasks, not just general responsibilities
- **Reality check:** Performing undelegated activities are protocol deviations

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#### Key Reminders

- Before initiation, complete all regulatory, ethics, and institutional approvals and finalise protocol preparations.
- The PI and the study team should discuss the recruitment strategy and timelines to manage the study accordingly. (Including screening procedures, window period, assessments)

**Proper study initiation is essential for valid, ethical research outcomes. Comprehensive preparation prevents problems throughout your study lifecycle.**



Reference: [NHG Health PCR Standard Operating Procedures 501-B03: Study Initiation](#)  
[NHG Health PCR Standard Operating Procedures 501-C02: Subject Recruitment and Screening](#)

Article Contributed By: Grace Xie, Principal Clinical Research Coordinator, NUH  
Edited By: NHG Health Group Research & Innovation, OHRPP  
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\*Disclaimer: All characters appearing in this article are fictitious. Any resemblance to real persons is purely coincidental. Best practices may differ between institutions. Readers are encouraged to follow their institution's policies/ guidelines relating to the above scenarios/case study.